

The China Mail.

Established February, 1841.

VOL. XXXVI. No. 5392.

號一十月十年十八百八千一英

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1880.

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON:—F. ALGAR, 11 & 12, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, E. C. GEORGE STREET & Co., 80, Cornhill, GORDON & GOTCH, Ludgate Circus, E.C. BATES, HENDY & Co., 4, Old Jerry, E.C. SAMUEL LEACON & Co., 153 & 154, Leadenhall Street.

PARIS AND EUROPE:—LEON DE ROSY, 19, Rue Montrouge, Paris.

NEW YORK:—ANDREW WIND, 185, Nassau Street.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND:—GORDON & GOTCH, Melbourne and Sydney.

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SINGAPORE AND STRAITS:—SAYLE & Co., Square, Singapore. C. HAINSEN & Co., Manila.

CHINA:—Macao, Messrs A. de Mello & Co., Shawl, CAMPBELL & Co., Amoy, WILSON, NICHOLS & Co., Foochow, HEDGE & Co., Shanghai, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., and KELLY & WALSH, Yokohama, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Banks.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL £1,500,000.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DE-
POSITS.

At 3 months' notice 3% per Annum.

" 6 " " 4% " "

" 12 " " 5% " "

Current Accounts kept on Terms which

may be learnt on application.

GEO. O. SCOTT,
Acting Manager.

Oriental Bank Corporation,

Hongkong, September 4, 1879.

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

MR. ERNST LUDWIG REUTER has been authorized to sign our Firm for Procurement.

PISTAU & Co.

Hongkong, October 18, 1880. no18

NOTICE.

MR. THOMAS GIBB WILLIAMSON has been authorized to sign our Firm in Hongkong from this Date.

ADAMSON, BELL & Co.

Hongkong, October 1, 1880. no1

NOTICE.

WE have authorized Mr JOHN PAT-
RICK LALOR to sign the Name of our Firm.

MARSHALL & Co.

Macao, 5th October, 1880. no1

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned have been appointed
SOLE AGENTS of the ELLIOTTS
MATERIAL COMPANY, Birmingham, for
Hongkong and China.

MELCHERS & Co.,

Hongkong, Sept. 1, 1880. no18

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

MUNIZ PATENT-YELLOW METAL
SHEAVING, all sizes;

AND COMPOSITION NAILS,
in Lots to suit Purchasers.

G. R. LAMBERT,
Pedder's Wharf Buildings.

Hongkong, July 28, 1880.

FOR SALE.

JULES MUMMI & Co.'s
O H A M P A G R E,
Quarts \$16 per doz. Cases,
Pints \$17 per doz.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

Hongkong, February 2, 1880.

WASHING BOCS.

(In English and Green)
WASHERMAN'S BOOK for the use
of Ladies and Gentlemen, are now
ready at this Office.—Price, each.

CHINA MAIL Office.

FOR SALE.

MULLER FRERES' LIBERATED
OLD B R A D Y,
in Cases of 1 dozen.

Apply to

HESSIE Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, Sept. 1, 1880. no18

JAPAN SETZER W A T E R M A N U F A C T E D

J. LLEWELLIN & Co.
from

JAPAN SPING
W A T E R
A T T H E I
S T E A M A E R A T I
W A T E R
F A C T O R Y,
Shanghai

Agents in Hongkong, SINGAPORE,
CRAWFORD & Co.,
HONGKONG, July 31, 1880. no18

Ninth Volv of the "CHINA RHEW."

N O W R e d y .

No. 1.—V C E X .

—O F T H

G C CHINA RHEW

CONTAI

The Educational Curricula of the Chinese.

Inscriptions on Red Papercut, Etc.

Notes on Chinese Law.

Moderate Biography in C.—The Grand
Secretary Li.

Annals.

Short Notices of New Hand Literary
Intelligence.

Notes and Queries.—

Diary.

Chinese Coins.

Land Tenure in Chi

The Chinese Court.

Ancient Bridal Customs.

A Substitute for Tea.

The "Blue River."

Kratai.—

Canton Syllabary.

Fe-Hien and Hi E Translators.

—Corrigenda.

Note on the Kitchen.

Books Wanted, Exchange.

Hongkong, September 18, 1880.

SIEMSEN & Co.

Hongkong, September 18, 1880.

HONGKONG.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

THE UNION BANK OF LONDON.

The Hongkong Agency receives Fixed

Deposits on Terms to be ascertained on

application, grants Drafts and Credits on

all parts of the World, and transacts every

description of Banking Exchange Business.

E. G. VOUILLEMET,

Manager, Shanghai.

Hongkong, May 20, 1879.

For Sale.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

H A V E F O R S A L E,

Ex "GLAMIS CASTLE" AND "GLENNEAGLES."

C A R T R I D G E C A S E S .

C A R T R I D G E M A C H I N E S .

C A R T R I D G E B E L T S .

C A R T R I D G E E X T R A C T O R S .

T H I C K A N D T H I N W A D S .

S H O T — A L L S I Z E S .

P O W D E R — (P I G U & W I L K S) .

D R A M F L A S K S .

CHRISTMAS CARDS,

L A S T M A I L F O R H O M E P O S T A G E 17t h P R O X I M O .

Hongkong, October 21, 1880.

Intimations.



T E N D E R S w i l l b e R E C E I V E D A T t h i s

O F F I C E u p t i l N o o n o f W E D N E S

D A Y , t h e 27t h I n s t a n t , f o r E x e c u t i

R E P A I R S t o t h e R O O F o f t h e C A R P E T E R ' s

S H A R P , R o y a l N a v a l Y a r d , a c c o r d i

g t o S p e c i f i c a t i o n s a n d C o n d i t i o n s , w h i

ch i c k e n a p p l i c a t i o n t o t h e N A V A L S T O

R E P A I R S .

T h e l o w e s t , o r a n y T e n d e r , w i l l n o t b e

n e c e s s a r i l y a c c e p t e d .

E. B. JOREY,

N a v a l S t o r e c e p t e r .

H. M. Naval Yard,

Hongkong, October 11, 1880. no27

T H E " F A R E A S T . "

T H E I S S U E R o f 1878 W A N T E D .

A p p y t o t h i s O F F I C E .

Hongkong, October 4, 1880.

C A N T O N I N S U R A N C E O F F I C E .

N O T I C E i s h e r e b y g i v e n , t h a t t h e O

R e g u l a r G e n e r a l M E E T I N G o f t h e

S H A R C H O L D K I R S , i n t h e a b o v e O f f i c e w i l l

b e H e l d a t t t h e O f f i c e o f t h e U n d e r s i g

N o . 7 , Q u e e n ' s R o a d o n T H U R S D A Y ,

t h e 28t h I n s t a n t , a t H a l f p a s t T w o ' C l o c k

p . m .

J A R D I N E , M A T H E S O N & C o . ,

G e n e r a l A g e n t s ,

C a n t o n I n s u r a n c e O f f i c e .

Hongkong, October 1, 1880. no28

N O T I C E .

I t h e Undersigned hereby give Notice

t h a t I W O L L N O T b e R E S P O N S I B

L E R I C T o t h e D E M A C o n t r a c t , N o t e

THE CHINA MAIL.

The *Overland Mail* (Sept. 3) has the following:—

The Government will not, it is said, ask Parliament for the extra grant of 3,000,000 claimed this year by Sir Bartle Frere for the expenses of his visit to the Transvaal. When Sir Bartle Frere has given explanations and accounts, the Government will, no doubt, decide the claim on its merits.

WRITING of Captain Marshall's scheme, the gist of which we gave several months ago, as to the formation of a canal across the Malay Peninsula to connect the Bay of Bengal with the China Sea, the *Straits Times* says:—

Captain Marshall does not attempt to give an estimate of the cost of this Canal, and this is about as important a factor in the consideration of the project as the mountainous nature of the country, some breathing space is allowed to us to recover our losses and to avert the thought of the alarmists that what would happen to us here if this project were to come into existence. What would become of Singapore with a ship canal astride of the Peninsula? Its glory would depart, and it would become another Malacca. An official assessor was appointed, and the Chief Justice will not sign the papers. A creditable assignee was chosen, but he can do nothing. The Chief Justice says I ought to hand him the papers. I say I am not his clerk. I am not his servant. I decline to do which is part of my duty. I declined to have anything to do with that bankruptcy because I believed it had to do with the keeping of brother. An official assessor was appointed, and the Chief Justice will not sign the papers unless I hand them his personally. If that is a good reason all well and good. I don't think it is a good reason. As a solicitor I say it is a very bad one. I believe the experience is as great as that of any one in this Court, both as a judicial officer and as a practising barrister. I was Chief Judicial Officer of the City of London for several years, and I say that in my opinion the Chief Justice is doing what he ought not to do. These are matters which concern the public more than they concern me, because I am utterly indifferent whether I keep the position or not. If the Governor would only furnish me with the means to go home, I should go home to-morrow, so sick I am of being here. I have experienced since I have been here such an official in my position would ever stand, and such as no official has ever been subjected to before. If I had not been the victim of man I might have been forced into doing something which I dare not contemplate.

Calling the *Chair* of the Court, Mr Stockhausen, the Registrar then asked him ascertain from Sir Mosop whether the Judge was coming. If the Chief Justice, he added, does not do his duty, I will do mine as far as in me lies. My duty is to attend in Court, and I will attend in Court, but I will not attend in Chambers.

Mr Stockhausen left to interview Mr Mosop.

The Registrar: As to the matter of Son Sui Suen, I have put his petition among the papers and have rendered an account of all the money received. He may attend in Chambers if he is chosen; I will not. I say, and I wish it to be understood, that my duty is not to stand in Chambers. If it were my duty, I would attend, but I do not attend because I have been insulted on every occasion I have attended, and I don't choose to be insulted unless I have the protection of the *Press*. I am very sorry for Son Sui Suen, but I cannot help it. I believe the only safeguard the public has is the *Press*. The Law has been administered here since I came here in a way I never saw it administered elsewhere. Matters are taken in Chambers in secret which ought to be taken in public. I don't choose to be party to anything of the kind. Whether I am in a high position or a low one, I am simply guided by one principle, and that is to maintain the integrity of the Law as I understand it. It is now ten minutes to four o'clock. I shall stay here till four. One of the cases the Chief Justice wants to take in private is the case of the adjudication in bankruptcy of Hsien in which all things ought to be taken in public—proceedings against a man under sentence of penal servitude. If there is anything that ought to be taken in public, that is one. I am particularly a case, if anything is to be taken in public, which should not be heard in Chambers.

Mr Stockhausen now returned with a message to the *Chair* that, as the Registrar had to attend now, the business in private and in bankruptcy would stand over till to-morrow after the Criminal Sessions.

The *Registrar*: So be it. The business will be held in open Court. I am not to blame the Chief Justice where he can insult me with impunity. I am not to see my position degraded. I may break a private insult, but the insults that have been offered to me by the Chief Justice are insults to my official position which I will not bear. I wish that to be distinctly understood. He may insult me privately, the Chief Justice or any body else, and I could break it and forget it, but an insult to my position I am bound to resent. The position I hold is a sacred trust and I will uphold its dignity. They may say I am vindictive. I am in that respect. I am jealous of the integrity of the law. I have followed the honorable practice of the law for twenty-five years and I never had an insultation against me either as judge or barrister, and I must say I am not now disposed at my age to have my position degraded in my person on my coming to an outside place like Hongkong. I wish that that may go far over the length and breadth of the Colony, small as it is, if it go no farther.

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In the matter of Young Yee See, a bankrupt.—Report of Registrar.

In the matter of Nursey Kessowje, and others, bankrupt.—Report of Registrar.

In the matter of Ng Akin, bankrupt.—Report of Registrar.

IN PROBATE.

In the matter of Son Sui Suen, deceased.—Inventory Account and Scheme of Administration. Petition by Chan Kwong Sung for \$10,000.

In the goods of R. T. Mogridge, deceased.—Inventory Account and Scheme of Administration.

In the goods of Tan Seang, deceased.—Inventory Account and Scheme of Administration.

In the goods of Sarah Jane Royston, deceased.—Inventory Account and Scheme of Administration.

In the goods of Alice Windsor, deceased.—Inventory Account and Scheme of Administration.

In the goods of Che Sui, deceased.—Inventory Account and Scheme of Administration.

In the goods of Fook Su Tong, deceased.—Inventory Account and Scheme of Administration.

In the goods of Arthur W. Conner, deceased.—Petition for grant of administration.

In the case of Luk To Kwang, deceased.—Petition for grant of administration.

The message Mr Mosop brought was to the effect that the Chief Justice was waiting for the Registrar.

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Mr Mosop here left.

The Registrar, asking if any reporter was present, and the Reporters of the *China Mail* answering in the affirmative, proceeded:—I desire what I have said to be known publicly. I have been waiting here now for half-an-hour, and if the Chief Justice does not choose to attend to them, then those cases which have been lying over now for these days and are all of a pressing nature must lie over again, because the Chief Justice thinks that when I go into his Chambers he can keep the *Press* out and insult me there with impunity, and I don't choose to do it. The last time I attended in Chambers he ordered me out. After that, I should be wanting to resent if I attended again. It is not part of my duty to attend in Chambers either as Master of the Court, as Official Assignee, or as Registrar. I don't suppose to allow my office to be made into the office of Judge's clerk. I wish that to go forth to the public. I have laid a complaint before the Governor, and the Governor has not yet taken any notice of my complaint. Whether he will or not I don't know. I have asked to have the matter referred to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, because I think my treatment here has become a public scandal, and I think that the business of the public is entirely neglected, and I think that the office is falling into a state of corruption, almost as bad as that from which I rescued it. I am forbidden to write to the

papers; I am not forbidden to utter my sentiments, and I only desire now to make a public utterance. I have been six months in the Colony. I believe I have worked as hard as any man, and I have put things as straight as it is possible for any man to put them; but I have never had my dues denied in any way, and do not to this day know what fees are properly payable in respect of the business done in this Court.

I have looked through all the scales of fees we have examined there carefully. I do not find one of the scales applicable to the present state of things. I say that this is entirely due to the neglect of the Chief Justice, by whom only, acting with the Executive, can a scale of fees be imposed. That man has, since 1864, neglected his duty in this matter of the scale of fees. I have addressed the Governor on the subject; nothing yet has been done. In the matter of Ng Akin, a bankrupt, I can do nothing. The Chief Justice will not sign the papers. A creditable assignee was chosen, but he can do nothing. The Chief Justice says I ought to hand him the papers. I say I am not his clerk. I am not his servant. I decline to do which is part of my duty. I declined to have anything to do with that bankruptcy because I believed it had to do with the keeping of brother. An official assignee was appointed, and the Chief Justice will not sign the papers unless I hand them his personally. If that is a good reason, as a solicitor I say it is a very bad one. I believe the experience is as great as that of any one in this Court, both as a judicial officer and as a practising barrister. I was Chief Judicial Officer of the City of London for several years, and I say that in my opinion the Chief Justice is doing what he ought not to do. These are matters which concern the public more than they concern me, because I am utterly indifferent whether I keep the position or not. If the Governor would only furnish me with the means to go home, I should go home to-morrow, so sick I am of being here. I have experienced since I have been here such an official in my position would ever stand, and such as no official has ever been subjected to before. If I had not been the victim of man I might have been forced into doing something which I dare not contemplate.

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CRICKET.
H.M.S. "MAPIE" v. THE ROYAL ARTILLERY.
A match was played to-day between H.M.S. *Mapie*, and the Royal Artillery stationed in Hongkong, in which the Artillery scored an easy victory in one innings. Appended are the scores:—

BATTERIES R. A.
1st Innings.
Boulter, b Dakin,..... 3
Thomas, c Dakin, b Stevenson,..... 35
Locke, not out,..... 35
Lowe, b Dakin,..... 4
Reynolds, b Dakin,..... 1
Fillingham, b Stevenson,..... 0
Luko, c Tucson, b Dakin,..... 15
Dundee, c Tucson, b Stevenson,..... 9
Ockerell, c Tucson, b Stevenson,..... 0
Dundee, b Dakin,..... 15
Cunningham, c Sayers, b Stevenson,..... 3
Leg by 1, wide balls 3,..... 3

H.M.S. "MAPIE".
1st Innings.
Sayers, c Thomas, b Fillingham,..... 0
Stevenson, c Thomas, b Fillingham,..... 1
Calvo, c Dunning, b Fillingham,..... 1
Dakin, b Dunning,..... 1
Edwards, b Dunning,..... 1
Locke, b Dunning,..... 1
Eastwood, not out,..... 1
Smith, b Fillingham,..... 1
Lovett, b Fillingham,..... 1
Tucson, b Dunning,..... 1
Bell, run out,..... 1
Vincent, run out,..... 1
Byes 2, wide balls 1,..... 3

2nd Innings.
Stevenson, c Locke, b Cunningham,..... 1
Oaine, b Boulter, b Cunningham,..... 0
Dakin, b Cunningham,..... 15
Dakin, b Sayers, b Cunningham,..... 3
Edwards, b Cunningham,..... 3
Locke, b Cunningham,..... 1
Fillingham, b Cunningham,..... 1
Eastwood, not out,..... 1
Smith, b Cunningham,..... 1
Lovett, not out,..... 1
Tucson, b Cunningham,..... 1
Bell, b Locke,..... 1
Vincent, b Cunningham,..... 1
Extras,..... 4

CENTRAL SCHOOL & HONGKONG PUBLIC SCHOOL.
A match was played between the above Clubs on the Hongkong Cricket Club Ground on Wednesday last, the result being in favour of the Public School. The following is the score:—

CENTRAL SCHOOL.
1st Innings.
C. Wallace, b Hall,..... 6
J. Wallace, c B. Hall,..... 15
H. Wallace, b Grimbly,..... 12
H. Wallace, c Hall,..... 12
R. Wallace, c Hall,..... 1
V. Wallace, not out,..... 1
Shuster, b Hall,..... 0
Gedel, c Hall,..... 0
Kuo, c Hall, b Grimbly,..... 2
Rahman, not out,..... 2
Extras,..... 2

TOTAL,..... 41
2nd Innings.
C. Wallace, b Hall,..... 28
J. Wallace, c B. Hall,..... 15
R. Wallace, b Grimbly,..... 12
H. Wallace, c Hall,..... 1
V. Wallace, not out,..... 1
Shuster, b Hall,..... 0
Gedel, c Hall, b Grimbly,..... 2
Kuo, c Hall, b Grimbly,..... 2
Rahman, not out,..... 2
Extras,..... 2

TOTAL,..... 42
HONGKONG PUBLIC SCHOOL.
1st Innings.
Hall, b Arthur,..... 10
Barff, b Remondis,..... 1
G. Grimbly, b Remondis,..... 1
T. Lammer, b Remondis,..... 1
F. Lammer, b Remondis, b Rahmani,..... 1
May, b Wallace,..... 1
F. Grimbly, run out,..... 1
Aitken, b Remondis,..... 1
Millar, to bat,..... 1
Barff, b Remondis,..... 1
G. Grimbly, to bat,..... 1
Extras,..... 5

TOTAL,..... 51
2nd Innings.
Hall, b Remondis,..... 17
Barff, c and b Wallace,..... 1
G. Grimbly, b Wallace,..... 30
T. Lammer, b Wallace,..... 1
F. Lammer, b Rahmani, b Wallace,..... 1
May, to bat,..... 1
F. Grimbly, run out,..... 1
Aitken, b Remondis,..... 1
Millar, to bat,..... 1
Barff, Grimbly, to bat,..... 1
Extras,..... 5

TOTAL,..... 55

LATE TELEGRAMS.

The following telegrams are from Indian sources:—

LONDON TELEGRAMS.

London, Sept. 27.—Viscount Mountmorres has been shot dead while driving in his carriage of Clerkenwell Green.

Meetings of the Irish Land League have been held at Kilrush and New Ross. Mr Parnell spoke at both and said the only solution of the land question in Ireland is the owner ship being transferred to tenants.

Mr. L. Dillon's speech at Skibbereen urged the people of Ireland to organize so as to accomplish

THE CHINA MAIL.

4

Intimations.

THE CHINA REVIEW.

THE widely-expressed regret at the disappearance of *Notes and Queries on China and Japan*, has induced the publishers of this journal to issue a publication similar in object and style, but slightly modified in certain details.

The *CHINA REVIEW, or Notes and Queries on the Far East*, is issued at intervals of two months, each number containing about 60 octavo pages, occasionally illustrated with lithographs, photographs, woodcuts, &c., should the papers published demand, and the circulation justify, such extra matter.

The subscription is fixed at £6.50 postage paid, annum, payable by non-residents in Hongkong half-yearly in advance.

The publication includes papers original and selected upon the following Subjects, Ethnology, Folklore, Geography, History, Literature, Mythology, Manuscripts and Curios, Natural History, Religion, &c., &c., of China, Japan, Mongolia, Tibet, the Celestial Archipelago and the "Far East" generally. A more detailed list of subjects upon which contributions are especially invited is incorporated with each number. Original contributions in Chinese, Latin, French, German, Spanish, Italian or Portuguese, are admissible. Endeavours are made to present a résumé in each number of the contents of the most recent works bearing on Chinese matters. Great attention is also paid to the Review department.

Notes and Replies are classified together as "Notes" (head references being given, when furnished, to previous Notes or Queries), as are also those queries which, though asking for information, furnish new or unpublished details concerning the matter in hand. It is desirable to make the Queries as brief and as much to the point as possible.

The *China Review* for July and August 1876, is at hand. It says that forty-two essays were sent in to compete for the best paper on the advantages of Christianity for the development of a State. All our learned societies should subscribe to this scholarly and interesting Review. It is a sixty-page, bi-monthly, repository of what scholars are ascertaining about China. The lecture on Chinese Poetry in this volume is alone worth the price of the *Review*. Address: *China Review*, Hongkong—Northern Christian Advocate (U.S.).

Trübner's Oriental Record contains the following notice of the *China Review*:—"This is the title of a publication, the first number of which has lately reached us from Hongkong, where it has been set on foot as in some respects a continuation of *Notes and Queries on China and Japan*, the extinction of which useful serial a year or two ago has been much regretted in Europe as well as in China. The present publication, judging by the number now before us, is intended to occupy a position, as regards China and the neighbouring countries, somewhat similar to that which has been filled in India by the *Calcutta Review*. The great desire of attention that has been manifested of late upon the investigation of Chinese literature, antiquities, and social developments, to say nothing of linguistic studies, has led to the accumulation of important stores of information, rendering some such channel of publicity as is now provided extremely desirable; and contributions of much interest may fairly be looked for from the members of the foreign consular services, the Chinese Customs' corps, and the missionary body, among whom a high degree of Chinese scholarship is now assiduously cultivated, and who are severally represented in the first number of the *Review* by papers highly creditable to their respective authors. In a paper on Dr. Legge's *She King*, by the Rev. E. J. Eitel, to which the place of honour is deservedly given, an excellent summary is presented of the chronological problems and arguments involved in connexion with this important work. Some translations from Chinese novels and plays are marked by both accuracy and freshness of style; and an account of the career of the Chinese poet-statesman of the eleventh century, Su Tung-p'o, by Mr. E. O. Bowra, is not only historically valuable, but is also distinguished by great interest. A brief notice of new books relating to China and the East, which will be a useful feature of the *Review*, if carried out with punctuality and detail, we are glad to notice that "Notes" and "Queries" are destined to find a place in its pages also. It is to be hoped that this opening for contributions on Chinese subjects may evoke a similar degree of literary zeal to that which was displayed during the lifetime of its predecessor in the field, and that the *China Review* may receive the support necessary to insure its continuance. The publication is intended to appear every two months, and will form a substantial octavo magazine."

THE CHINESE MAIL.

This paper is now issued every day. The subscription is fixed at *Nine Dollars* per annum delivered in Hongkong, or *Seven Dollars Fifty Cents* including postage to Coast ports.

It is the first Chinese Newspaper ever issued under purely native direction. The chief support of the paper is of course derived from the native community, amongst whom also are to be found the guarantors and securities necessary to place it on a business and legal footing.

The projectors, basing their estimates upon the most reliable information from the various Ports in China and Japan—from Australia, California, Singapore, Penang, Siam, and other places frequented by the Chinese—consider themselves justified in guaranteeing an ultimate circulation of between 3,000 and 4,000 copies. The advantages offered to advertisers are therefore unusually great, and the foreign community generally will find it to their interest to avail themselves of them.

The field open to a paper of this description—conducted by native efforts, but progressive and enterprising, too, in almost all respects—is on the one hand considerable, Chinese bold and interest while on the other deserves every aid that can be given to it by foreigners. Like English journals it contains Editorials, with Local, Shipping, and Commercial News and Advertisements.

Subscription orders for either of the above may be sent to

GEO. MURRAY BAIN,
China Mail Office.

FREDERIC ALGAR,
COLONIAL, NEWSPAPER, & COMMIS-
SION AGENT,
11, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street,
LONDON.

THE Colonial Press supplied with News-
Papers, Books, Types, Ink, Presses,
Papers, Correspondents' Letters; and any
European Goods on London terms.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

Colonial Newspapers received at the office are regularly filed for the inspection of Advertisers and the Public.

Visitors' Column.

Hongkong Rates of Postage.

(Revised June 28, 1880.)

We have instituted an experiment in *Visitors' Column*, which we trust will prove successful, and be found useful. To it will be referred from time to time such items of information, lists, tables and other intelligence as is considered likely to prove valuable to persons passing through the City, and in connection with which we have opened a **SELECT HOTEL AND BUSINESS DIRECTORY**, applications for enrolment into which we are now ready to receive.

List of Public Buildings.

Government House, North of Public Gardens.

City Hall, Library (8,000 volumes) and Museum.—Free.

Public Gardens, a beautifully picturesque retreat and of great interest.

The Clock Tower, Queen's Road Central, in a line with Pedder's Wharf.

General Post Office, Hongkong Club.

German Club, Supreme Court, &c.,

within a stone's-throw.

Lustino Club and Library, Shelley St.

Government Offices, the Secretariat, &c.,

near the Public Gardens.

St. John's Cathedral (Anglican), above the Parade Ground.

Roman Catholic Cathedral, Wellington Street.

Union Church, Elgin Street.

St. Peter's Seamen's Church, West Point.

St. Joseph's (R.C.) Church, Garden Road, near Kennedy Road.

Temperance Hall, specially adapted for sea-faring men, Queen's Road East.

Sailor's Home, West Point.

E. A. and China Telegraph Co., and the Great Northern Telegraph Co., Marine House, Queen's Road.

Masonic Hall, Zetland Street.

Victoria Recreation Club—Bath-house and Boudoirs, &c.—Praya, beyond the City Hall.

The Barracks and Naval and Military Store Departments lie to the eastward, and cover a large area.

Stores, Books, &c.

General Outfitter, Hooper, Taylor, &c.—T. N. Darroch, 43 and 47, Queen's Road, by special appointment of H.E. the Governor.

Chronometers, Watches, Jewellery, Maps and Charts.—G. FALCONER & CO., Queen's Road Central.

American and English Stores, Books, and specially selected Cigars.—MAC-CAVAN, FRIESEL & CO.

American Newspapers and cheap Reprints, &c., choice Tobacco and Cigars.—MOORE'S VARIETY STORE, 42, Queen's Road.

Watches, Jewellery, Charts, Binoculars, Optical Instruments, Mordan's Pencil-cases, &c.—JOHN NOBLE, agent for Negretti and Zambra.

Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Ammunition, and Sportsmen's Requisites of all descriptions.—W.H. SCHMITT & CO., Gunmakers, Eastern House of Beaconsfield Arcade.

Chair and Boat Hire.

LOCAL TARIF OF FEES FOR CHAIRS,
CHAIR BEARERS, AND BOATS,
IN THE COLONY OF HONGKONG.

Chairs and Ordinary Baitway Boats.

Half hour, 10 cents. | Hour, 20 cents.

Three hours, 60 cents. | Six hours, 70 cents.

Day (from 6 to 6), One Dollar.

T. VICTORIA PEAK

Single Trip.

Four Coolies, \$1.00
Three Coolies, 85
Two Coolies, 70

Return (direct or by Path for two)

Four Coolies, \$1.00
Three Coolies, 85
Two Coolies, 70

The Return fare embraces a trip of not more than three hours.

For every hour or part of an hour above three hours, each Coolie will be entitled to an additional payment of 5 cents.

Day Trip (Peak), \$0.75; each Coolie (12 hours) \$1.00; each Coolie, \$0.60 each.

Licensed Bearers (each).

Hour, 10 cents.

Half day, 35 cents.

Day, 50 cents.

BOAT AND COOLIE HIRE.

BOATS.

1st Class Carr., Boat of 8 or 900 pds., per Day, \$3.00

1st Class Carr. Boat of 8 or 900 pds., per Hour, 2.00

2nd Class Carr. Boat of 600 pds., per Day, 2.50

2nd Class Carr. Boat of 600 pds., per Hour, 1.75

3rd Class Carr. Boat or Ha-kan Boat of 800 pds., per Day, 1.50

3rd Class Carr. Boat or Ha-kan Boat of 800 pds., per Hour, 1.00

3rd Class Carr. Boat or Ha-kan Boat of 800 pds., Half Day, 50

Sampans.

or Pullaway Boats, per Day, \$1.00

" Half-Hour, 50

After 6 p.m., 20 cents extra.

Nothing in this Scale prevents private agreements.

FREIGHT COOLIES.

Scale of Fees for Street Coolies.

One Day, 85 cents.

Half Day, 20

Three Hours, 12

Our Hour, 5

Half Hour, 3

Nothing in the above Scale to affect private agreements.

Hongkong Rates of Postage.

(Revised June 28, 1880.)

Local Parcel Post.

1. Small Parcels may be sent by Post from any of the Post Offices in China or Japan, as well as to Macao, Pek-
hot, Singapore, Penang, and Malacca. They must not exceed the following dimensions, 2 feet long, 1 foot broad, 1 foot deep, nor weigh more than 5 lbs. The postage will be 20 cents per lb., which will include Registration. The parcels may be wholly closed if they bear this special endorsement, PARCEL, CONTAINING NO LETTER, but any parcel may be opened by direction of the Postmaster General.

2. The following cannot be transmitted: Parcels insufficiently packed or protected, or liable to be crushed (as barrels, &c., Glass, Liquids, Explosive substances, &c.), Books, &c., Matches, Indigo, Dyestuffs, Ice, Meat, Fish, Game, Fruits, Vegetables, or whatever is dangerous to the Mails, or likely to become offensive or injurious in transit.

3. Parcels will as a general rule be forwarded by Private Ship, not by Contract Mail Packet. The Post Office reserves the right of selecting the opportunity for transmission, and of delaying delivery in case the number of parcels in such as to retard other correspondence. No responsibility is accepted with regard to any parcel, but the system of Registration will secure the senders against any but a very remote probability of loss.

4. The public are cautioned not to confound these facilities with a *Parcel Post* to Europe, &c., which does not exist.

Most countries to which Hongkong forwards Correspondence having joined the General Postal Union or being probable to do so, it is necessary that the following rules be strictly observed.

1. No Letter or Parcel, whether to be registered or unregistered, will be received for Postage if it contains gold or silver money, jewels, precious articles, or anything that, as a general rule, is liable to Customs duties.

2. This Regulation prohibits the sending of Patterns of dutiable articles, unless the quantity sent be so small as to make the sample of no value.

3. The limits of weight allowed are as follows:—

Books and Papers— to British Offices, 5 lbs.; to the Continent, &c., 5 lbs. Patterns— to British Offices, 5 lbs. if without intrinsic value; to the Continent, &c., 8 oz.

There is no charge on registered correspondence within the Postal Union.

Postage to Non-Union Countries.

Hawaiian Kingdom.—

Letters, 10 cents per 1/2 oz.

Post Cards, 8 cents each.

Registration, 2 cents each.

Newspapers, 2 cents.

Books and Patterns, 2 cents per 2 oz.

Comics, 1 cent.

There is no charge on registered correspondence within the Non-Union Countries.

America, via San Francisco, 10 cents.

Europe, 12 cents.

Asia, 15 cents.

Australia, 18 cents.

New Zealand, 20 cents.

South Africa, 25 cents.

South America, 30 cents.

Africa, 35 cents.

India, 40 cents.

China, 45 cents.

Japan, 50 cents.

Malaya, 55 cents.

Indonesia, 60 cents.

Philippines, 65 cents.

South America, 70 cents.